INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS, BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION AND SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

JUNE 30, 2019

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SPRINGVILLE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT Officials June 30, 2019

Name	<u>Title</u>		Term Expires
	Board of Education		
Todd Nulle Laura Riley Albert Martin Anthony Dlouhy Kate O'Brien-May Lee Ann Grimley	Board President Vice President Board Member Board Member Board Member Board President School Officials	(appointed Sept. 2018) (resigned Sept. 2018)	2019 2019 2019 2019 2021 2021
Pat Hocking	Superintendent		2019
Stacey Matus	District Secretary/Treasurer		Indefinite
Ahlers & Cooney, P.C.	Attorney		Indefinite

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Education of Springville Community School District:

Report on the Financial Statements

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Springville Community School District, Springville, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related Notes to Financial Statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. This includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the

reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

Opinions

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Springville Community School District as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in its financial position and, where applicable, its cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Budgetary Comparison Information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions and the Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability, Related Ratios and Notes on pages 5 through 13 and 46 through 52 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Springville Community School District's basic financial statements. I previously audited, in accordance with the standards referred to in the third paragraph of this report, the financial statements for the nine years ended June 30, 2018 (which are not presented herein) and expressed unmodified opinions on those financial statements. The supplementary information included in Schedules 1 through 7, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards. In my opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, I have also issued my report dated February 14, 2020 on my consideration of Springville Community School District's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> in considering Springville Community School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Kay L. Chapman, CPA PC

Kay S. Chasman, Con PC

February 14, 2020

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Springville Community School District provides this Management's Discussion and Analysis of its financial statements. This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities is for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to consider this information in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow.

2019 FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- General Fund revenues increased from \$4,718,198 in fiscal 2018 to \$5,329,720 in fiscal 2019, and General Fund expenditures increased from \$4,689,525 in fiscal 2018 to \$5,007,573 in fiscal 2019. The District's General Fund balance increased from \$785,891 in fiscal 2018 to \$1,108,038 in fiscal 2019, an increase of 40%.
- The increase in General Fund revenue was due to an increase in State Foundation Aid as a result of an increase in enrollment from the previous school year of 21.27 students
- General Fund expenditures increased \$318,048 from fiscal 2018. The District's General Fund ending balance increased by \$322,147; a significant increase from what was reported in the June 30, 2018 MD&A. The General Fund balance at June 30, 2019 was \$1,108,038 or 22.1% of the General Fund expenses.
- The District's unspent authorized budget increased by \$156,189 from \$1,578,261 (FY18) to \$1,734,450 (FY19).
- The District's General Fund solvency ratio (Unassigned fund balance + Assigned fund balance/General Fund revenues minus AEA Flow-through) at June 30, 2018 was 14.31%. The District's General Fund solvency ratio at June 30, 2019 was 18.81%, increasing 4.5%.
- The State of Iowa approved an increase in Supplemental State Aid of 1.0% for the 2018-19 school year. The District had an increase in enrollment of 21.27 students, which resulted in the District generating \$168,974 in "new money" for FY19.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The annual report consists of a series of financial statements and other information, as follows:

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the basic financial statements and provides an analytical overview of the District's financial activities.

The Government-wide Financial Statements consist of a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. These provide information about the activities of Springville Community School District as a whole and present an overall view of the District's finances.

The Fund Financial Statements tell how governmental and business type activities services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements report Springville Community School District's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements by providing information about the most significant funds.

Notes to Financial Statements provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year, the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability and related contributions, as well as presenting the Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability, Related Ratios and Notes.

Supplementary Information provides detailed information about the nonmajor governmental and enterprise funds.

REPORTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide financial statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position is one way to measure the District's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position is an indicator of whether financial position is improving or deteriorating. To assess the District's overall health, additional non-financial factors, such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities, need to be considered.

In the government-wide financial statements, the District's activities are divided into two categories:

- Governmental activities: Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation and administration. Property tax and state aid finance most of these activities.
- Business type activities: The District charges fees to help cover the costs of certain services it provides. The District's school nutrition and preschool programs are included here.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs.

Some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants. The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes, such as accounting for student activity funds, or to show it is properly using certain revenues, such as federal grants.

The District has two kinds of funds:

1) Governmental funds: Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine whether there are more or fewer

financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs.

The District's governmental funds include the General Fund, the Special Revenue Funds, the Capital Projects Funds and the Debt Service Fund.

The required financial statements for governmental funds include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances.

2) Proprietary funds: Services for which the District charges a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way as the government-wide financial statements. The District's Enterprise Fund, one type of proprietary fund, is the same as its business type activities but provides more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. The District currently has two Enterprise Funds, the School Nutrition Fund and Preschool Fund and one internal service fund to for its partially self-funded insurance program.

The required financial statements for proprietary funds include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position and a Statement of Cash Flows.

Reconciliations between the government-wide financial statements and the governmental fund financial statements follow the governmental fund financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Figure A-1 below provides a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2019 compared to June 30, 2018.

Figure A-1

			Condensed	Statement of	Net Position		
	Govern	mental	Busines	ss Type	То	tal	Total
	Activ	ities	Activ	Activities		District	
	June	: 30,	June	30,	Jun	e 30,	June 30,
	2019	<u>2018</u>	2019	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	2018-2019
Current and other assets	\$ 5,586,039	\$4,754,298	\$ 60,939	\$55,367	\$5,646,978	\$4,809,665	17.41%
Capital assets	9,544,778	9,582,297	21,278	27,001	9,566,056	9,609,298	-0.45%
Total assets	15,130,817	14,336,595	82,217	82,368	15,213,034	14,418,963	5.51%
Deferred outflows of resources	513,347	540,019	20,868	25,860	534,215	565,879	-5.60%
Long-term liabilities	8,753,900	9,138,012	57,090	59,075	8,810,990	9,197,087	-4.20%
Other liabilities	802,262	553,421	37,080	21,809	839,342	575,230	45.91%
Total liabilities	9,556,162	9,691,433	94,170	80,884	9,650,332	9,772,317	-1.25%
Deferred inflows of resources	2,426,936	2,374,657	27,836	23,296	2,454,772	2,397,953	2.37%
Net position							
Net investment in							
capital assets	3,299,778	2,902,297	21,278	27,001	3,321,056	2,929,298	13.37%
Restricted	1,258,892	1,065,521	-	-	1,258,892	1,065,521	18.15%
Unrestricted	(897,604)	_(1,157,294)	_(40,199)	(22,953)	(937,803)	(1,180,247)	20.54%
Total net position	\$ 3,661,066	\$2,810,524	\$(18,921)	\$ 4,048	\$3,642,145	\$2,814,572	29.40%

The District's total net position increased by 29%, or \$827,573 from the prior year. The largest portion of the District's net position is invested in capital assets (e.g., land, infrastructure, buildings and equipment), less the related debt. The debt related to the investment in capital assets is liquidated with resources other than capital assets.

Restricted net position represents resources subject to external restrictions, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation on how they can be used. The District's restricted net position increased \$193,371, or 18% over the prior year. The increase in net position was primarily a result of the increase in net position of the Capital Projects Funds restricted for school infrastructure.

Unrestricted net position – the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation or other legal requirements – increased \$242,444, or 21%. The increase in unrestricted net position was primarily a result of increased assets in the General Fund and a decrease in liabilities.

Figure A-2 shows the changes in net position for the year ended June 30, 2019 compared to the year ended June 30, 2018.

Figure A-2

			Ch	ange in Net Pos	ition		
	Government	al Activities	Business Ty	pe Activities	Total D	istrict	Total Change
Revenues	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	2019	2018	2019	<u>2018</u>	2018-2019
Program revenues							
Charges for service and sales	\$ 952,376	\$ 819,507	\$ 185,461	\$179,999	\$ 1,137,837	\$ 999,506	13.84%
Operating grants	813,169	730,165	93,501	80,988	906,670	811,153	11.78%
General revenues							
Property tax	2,470,464	2,414,075	-	-	2,470,464	2,414,075	2.34%
Statewide sales, services and use tax	398,785	343,566	-	-	398,785	343,566	16.07%
Unrestricted state grants	1,923,649	1,748,037	=	-	1,923,649	1,748,037	10.05%
Contributions and donations	12,947	27,264	÷	-	12,947	27,264	-52.51%
Unrestricted investment earnings	10,468	8,786	99	121	10,567	8,907	18.64%
Other	72,453	3,298			72,453	3,298	2096.88%
Total revenues	6,654,311	6,094,698	279,061	261,108	6,933,372	6,355,806	9.09%
Program expenses							
Governmental activities							
Instruction	3,366,802	3,312,535	-		3,366,802	3,312,535	1.64%
Support services	1,837,612	1,814,983	-		1,837,612	1,814,983	1.25%
Non-instructional programs	=	*:	302,030	271,379	302,030	271,379	11.29%
Other expenses	589,755	671,091			589,755	671,091	-12.12%
Total expenses	5,794,169	5,798,609	302,030	271,379	6,096,199	6,069,988	0.43%
Change in net position	860,142	296,089	(22,969)	(10,271)	837,173	285,818	192.90%
Transfer	*:	25		(25)	-	-	0.00%
Special item - (loss) on disposal of assets	(9,600)	-	141	-	(9,600)	-	100.00%
Net position beginning of year	2,810,524	2,514,410	4,048	14,344	2,814,572	2,528,754	11.30%
Net position end of year	\$3,661,066	\$ 2,810,524	\$ (18,921)	\$ 4,048	\$ 3,642,145	\$ 2,814,572	29.40%

In fiscal year 2019, property tax and unrestricted state grants accounted for approximately 66% of governmental activities revenue while charges for service and sales and operating grants and contributions accounted for almost 100% of business type activities revenues. The District's total revenues were \$6,933,372 of which \$6,654,311 was for governmental activities and \$279,061 was for business type activities.

As shown in Figure A-2, the District as a whole experienced a 9% increase in revenues and a less than 1% increase in expenses. The increases in revenues are largely due to increase in equipment breakdown insurance claims, property/casualty insurance proceeds, and State sources.

Governmental Activities

Revenues for governmental activities were \$6,654,311 and expenses were \$5,794,169 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

The following table presents the total and net cost of the District's major governmental activities, instruction, support services, non-instructional programs and other expenses, for the year ended June 30, 2019 compared to those expenses for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Figure A-3
Total and Net Cost of Governmental Activities

	Total	Cos	st of Services	3	Net Cost of Services			
				Change				Change
	2019		2018	2018-2019	2019		2018	2018-2019
Instruction	\$ 3,366,802	\$	3,312,535	1.6%	\$ 1,775,032	\$	1,938,671	-8.4%
Support services	1,837,612		1,814,983	1.2%	1,830,191		1,801,832	1.6%
Other expenses	589,755		671,091	-12.1%	423,401		508,434	-16.7%
Total expenses	\$ 5,794,169	\$	5,798,609	-0.1%	\$ 4,028,624	_\$_	4,248,937	-5.2%

For the year ended June 30, 2019:

- The cost financed by users of the District's programs was \$952,376.
- Federal and state governments subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions totaling \$813,169.
- The net cost of governmental activities was financed with \$2,869,249 of property and other taxes and \$1,923,649 of unrestricted state grants.

Business Type Activities

Revenues for business type activities for the year ended June 30, 2019 were \$279,061 representing a 6% increase over the prior year, while expenses totaled \$302,030, an 11% increase over the prior year. The District's business type activities include the School Nutrition Fund and Preschool Fund for 3 year olds. Revenues of these activities were comprised of charges for services, tuition, federal and state reimbursements and investment income. The increase in revenue for the 3 year old Preschool Fund is due to an increase in tuition revenue as a result of enrollment growth and increase in tuition rates for the 3 year old program. The increase in expenditures is due to increased salary/benefit costs for teachers and paraprofessionals in the tuition based preschool program.

The increase in revenue from FY18 to FY19 in the School Nutrition Fund is due to the increase in Federal sources. Expenditures in the Nutrition Fund remained stable.

INDIVIDUAL FUND ANALYSIS

As previously noted, Springville Community School District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds, as well. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$2,290,725, well above last year's ending fund balances of \$1,787,970. The primary reason for the increase of \$502,755 in combined fund balances in fiscal 2019 is due to an increase in total assets to the General Fund and SAVE Fund.

Governmental Fund Highlights

The District's improving General Fund financial position is the result of many factors; increase in property tax revenue, increase in state aid due to an increase in enrollment, and an increase in federal, state and local sources. Total revenues of \$5,329,720 outpaced total expenditures \$5,007,573 ensuring an increase in fund balance at year end.

- The General Fund balance increased from \$785,891 to \$1,108,038, due in part to the increase in property tax valuations and increase in enrollment.
- The Capital Projects Statewide Sales, Services and Use Tax Fund balance increased from \$513,095 to \$637,465 due to increased sales tax revenue and decrease in capital project expenditures.
- The Debt Service Fund balance increased slightly from \$29,667 in 2018 to \$32,427 in 2019.

Proprietary Fund Highlights

Enterprise Fund net position decreased from \$4,048 at June 30, 2018 to \$(18,921) at June 30, 2019, a decrease of approximately 567%. The decreased net position is due largely to the increase in expenditures for the tuition-paid preschool program and the increase of unrestricted net assets from \$22,953 in FY18 to \$40,199 in FY19.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The District did not amend its budget during the year ended June 30, 2019.

The District's total revenues were \$220,610 more than total budgeted revenues, a variance of approximately 3%. The most significant variance resulted from the District receiving increased revenue due to sharing agreements, equipment breakdown policy program revenue, and an increase in SAVE revenue.

Total expenditures were \$414,034 less than budgeted, due primarily to reduced expenditures in total support services and instructional costs.

In spite of the District's budgetary practice, expenditures in the other expenditures function exceeded the amount budgeted by \$22,015 due to unforeseen facility project needs.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2019, the District had invested \$9,566,056, net of accumulated depreciation, in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, athletic facilities, computers, audio-visual equipment and transportation equipment. (See Figure A-4) This represents a net decrease of less than 1% from last year. More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in Note 5 to the financial statements. Depreciation expense for the year was \$294,627.

The original cost of the District's capital assets was \$14,890,821. Governmental funds account for \$14,775,342, with the remainder of \$115,479 accounted for in the Proprietary, School Nutrition Fund.

The largest change was in the buildings and improvements category, which decreased from \$8,738,360 at June 30, 2018 to \$8,598,029 at June 30, 2019 due to the annual depreciation expense.

Figure A-4

	S		Capital Ass				
	Govern	nmental	Busine	ess Type	Total		Total
	Acti	vities	Activities June 30,		District June 30,		Change
	Jun	e 30,					June 30,
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	<u>2018</u>	2018- 2019
Land	\$ 453,369	\$ 453,369	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 453,369	\$ 453,369	0.00%
Buildings and improvements	8,598,029	8,738,360	= 0.0), L	8,598,029	8,738,360	-1.61%
Site improvements	203,267	165,741		3 -	203,267	165,741	22.64%
Furniture and equipment	290,113	224,827	21,278	27,001	311,391	251,828	23.65%
Totals	\$ 9,544,778	\$ 9,582,297	\$ 21,278	\$ 27,001	\$ 9,566,056	\$ 9,609,298	-0.45%

Long-Term Debt

At June 30, 2019, the District had \$8,810,990 in general obligation and other long-term debt outstanding. This represents a decrease of approximately 4% from last year. (See Figure A-5) Additional information about the District's long-term debt is presented in Note 6 to the financial statements.

The Constitution of the State of Iowa limits the amount of general obligation debt districts can issue to 5 percent of the assessed value of all taxable property within the District. The District received special permission from the State of Iowa allowing its outstanding general obligation debt to exceed its constitutional debt limit of approximately \$7.1 million.

Figure A-5
Outstanding Long-term Obligations

	Tota	1	Total
	School Di	strict	Change
	June	June 30,	
	2019	2018	2018-2019
Governmental activities			
General obligation bonds	\$ 3,955,000	\$ 4,215,000	-6.17%
Revenue bonds	2,290,000	2,465,000	-7.10%
Termination benefits	26,283	22,095	18.95%
Net pension liability	1,822,418	1,875,664	-2.84%
Net OPEB liability	660,199	560,253	17.84%
	8,753,900	9,138,012	-4.20%
Business type activities			
Net pension liability	57,090	59,075	-3.36%
Total	\$8,810,990	\$ 9,197,087	-4.20%

ECONOMIC FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of several existing circumstances which could significantly affect its financial health in the future:

- The District's certified enrollment on October 1, 2019 was 384.4 students which was up 2.30 students from October 1, 2018 certified enrollment of 382.10. The District is hopeful that the enrollment will grow or remain stable, which is critical in maintaining a sound financial position.
- The District continues to take advantage of sharing positions in an effort to reduce costs and increase revenue through the operational sharing funding program. The District has the maximum of 21 students in FY20 to generate \$145,152 in supplementary weighting from the State.
- The District continues to contract services for technology, and therefore saving general fund dollars by paying the contracted services from the PPEL fund.
- The District continues to see General Fund savings through partially self-funded health insurance and use of equipment breakdown insurance.
- The District has developed and closely monitors a line item budget in an effort to reduce expenditures, if needed, to increase or stabilize the district's unspent balance.
- The District continues to work closely with the City of Springville and the Springville Economic Development Committee to explore options for more housing in the community.
- The District will develop a strategic plan for facilities to prioritize improvements needed in the secondary building and the preschool building.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to

demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Stacey Matus, District Secretary/Treasurer and Business Manager, Springville Community School District, 400 Academy Street, Springville, Iowa 52336.

Basic Financial Statements

Exhibit A

SPRINGVILLE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities	Business Type Activities	Total
Assets			
Cash, cash equivalents and pooled investments	\$2,694,649	\$ 52,625	\$ 2,747,274
Receivables			
Property tax			
Delinquent	4,338	-	4,338
Succeeding year	2,289,520	=	2,289,520
Accounts receivable	7,722	1,419	9,141
Income surtax	195,336	-	195,336
Due from other governments	394,463	562	395,025
Due from other fund	11	(11)	-
Inventories	-	6,344	6,344
Non-depreciable capital assets	453,369		453,369
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	9,091,409	21,278	9,112,687
Total assets	15,130,817	82,217	15,213,034
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Pension related deferred outflows	513,347	20,868	534,215
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	63,870	100	63,970
Salaries and benefits payable	397,636	19,646	417,282
Accrued interest payable	36,290		36,290
Unearned revenue	-	3,856	3,856
Due to other governments	304,466	13,478	317,944
Advances from grantors			
Long-term liabilities			
Portion due within one year			
General obligation bonds payable	265,000		265,000
Revenue bonds payable	180,000	-	180,000
Termination benefits payable	13,671	100 TE 100 TE	13,671
Portion due after one year			
General obligation bonds payable	3,690,000	-	3,690,000
Revenue bonds payable	2,110,000		2,110,000
Termination benefits payable	12,612	-	12,612
Net pension liability	1,822,418	57,090	1,879,508
Total OPEB liability	660,199	-	660,199
Total liabilities	9,556,162	94,170	9,650,332

See notes to financial statements.

SPRINGVILLE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

Exhibit A

	Governmental Activities	Business Type Activities	Total
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Unavailable property tax revenue	\$2,289,520	\$ -	\$ 2,289,520
Pension related deferred inflows	137,416	27,836	165,252
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,426,936	27,836	2,454,772
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for	3,299,778	21,278	3,321,056
Categorical funding	134,915		134,915
Management levy purposes	151,765	-	151,765
Physical plant and equipment	223,056	-	223,056
Student activities	111,691	-	111,691
School infrastructure	637,465	:=	637,465
Unrestricted	(897,604)	(40,199)	(937,803)
Total net position	\$3,661,066	\$(18,921)	\$ 3,642,145

Exhibit B

SPRINGVILLE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

(564,083) (228,732) (49,971)(149,817)(350, 261)\$ (1,015,927) (408,844)(163,049)(189,568)(1,775,032)(684,759)(1,830,191)(223,613)Total and Changes in Net Position Net (Expense) Revenue Governmental Business Type Activities 8 (149,817)\$(1,015,927) (408,844)(1,775,032)(163,049)(189,568)(49,971)(350,261) (684,759)(564,083)(228,732) (1,830,191) (223,613)Activities and Restricted Capital Grants, Contributions Interest Program Revenues Operating Grants, Contributions and Restricted 55,914 3,354 3,354 \$ 587,547 166,354 643,461 Interest 175,046 563,916 3,983 4,067 84 948,309 for Services 209,347 Charges (/) \$ 2,167,390 581,221 564,167 49,971 189,568 618,191 3,366,802 163,049 684,759 236,069 1,837,612 149,817 166,354 223,613 Expenses Operation and maintenance of plant Depreciation (unallocated) * Long-term debt interest Facilities acquisition Regular instruction Special instruction AEA flowthrough Instructional staff Governmental activities Other instruction Functions/Programs Administration Transportation Support services Other expenses Student Instruction

See notes to financial statements.

(423,401) (4,028,624)

(423,401) (4,028,624)

166,354 813,169

952,376

Total governmental activities

589,755

SPRINGVILLE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 Statement of Activities

					Net	Net (Expense) Revenue	nne
			Program Revenues		and Ch	and Changes in Net Position	sition
	,		Operating Grants,	Capital Grants,			
			Contributions	Contributions			
Functions/Programs (continued)		Charges	and Restricted	and Restricted	Governmental Business Type	Business Type	
Business type activities Non-instructional programs	Expenses	for Services	Interest	Interest	Activities	Activities	<u>Total</u>
Food service operations	\$ 232,410	\$ 126,608	\$ 93,501	-	· •	\$ (12,301)	\$ (12,301)
Preschool program	69,620	58,853	Î.	1	T	(10,767)	(10,767)
Total business type activities	302,030	185,461	93,501	ı	1	(23,068)	(23,068)
Total	\$ 6,096,199	\$ 1,137,837	\$ 906,670	-	(4,028,624)	(23,068)	(4,051,692)
General Revenues							
Property tax levied for							
General purposes					1,876,427	3	1,876,427
Debt service					353,615	ī	353,615
Capital outlay					240,422	Ī	240,422
Statewide sales, services and use tax					398,785	Ē	398,785
Unrestricted state grants					1,923,649	1	1,923,649
Contributions and donations					12,947	1	12,947
Unrestricted investment earnings					10,468	66	10,567
Other					72,453	1	72,453
Total general revenues					4,888,766	66	4,888,865
Special item - (loss) on disposal of assets					(009,6)	Ī	(009,6)
Change in net position					850,542	(22,969)	827,573
					1000	1040	014 670

Net position beginning of year

Net position end of year

2,814,572 \$ 3,642,145

4,048

\$ (18,921)

\$ 3,661,066 2,810,524

^{*} This amount excludes the depreciation included in the direct expenses of the various programs.

Exhibit C

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

		Capital Projects			
		Statewide		Nonmajor	
		Sales, Services	Debt	Governmenta	
	<u>General</u>	and Use Tax	<u>Service</u>	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
Assets		a was an experienced to the control of the control	N. S. Service Constitution		WASHING PROVINCIAN PUR MENOR
Cash, cash equivalents	\$1,465,194	\$ 605,714	\$ 31,747	\$ 547,508	\$2,650,163
and pooled investments					
Receivables					
Property tax	2 0 0 0		600	6 . .	
Delinquent	3,002	-	680	656	4,338
Succeeding year	1,553,334	-	350,605	385,581	2,289,520
Accounts receivable	4,551	-	-	3,171	7,722
Income surtax	195,336		-	₩.3	195,336
Due from other governments Due from other funds	362,712 11	31,751	-		394,463 11
Total assets	\$3,584,140	\$ 637,465	\$ 383,032	\$ 936,916	\$5,541,553
	\$3,364,140	\$ 037,403	\$ 383,032	\$ 930,910	\$5,541,555
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of					
Resources and Fund Balances					
Liabilities	Ф 20.040	¢.	C	Ф 22.020	Ф 62.070
Accounts payable	\$ 29,940	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 33,930	\$ 63,870
Salaries and benefits payable Due to other governments	397,636 299,856	-	-	4,610	397,636 304,466
Total liabilities	727,432			38,540	765,972
Deferred inflows of resources	727,432				705,772
Unavailable revenue					
Succeeding year property tax	1,553,334		350,605	385,581	2,289,520
Income surtax	195,336	-	330,003	363,361	195,336
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,748,670	13	350,605	385,581	2,484,856
Fund balances		8 -			2,101,000
Restricted for					
Categorical funding	134,915	_	_	_	134,915
School infrastructure	-	637,465	_	-	637,465
Student activities	_	-		111,691	111,691
Management levy purposes	_	_	_	178,048	178,048
Physical plant and equipment	-	-	-	223,056	223,056
Debt service	-	-	32,427	223,030	32,427
Unassigned	973,123	=	52, .27	_	973,123
Total fund balances	1,108,038	637,465	32,427	512,795	2,290,725
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of					
resoureces and fund balances	\$3,584,140	\$ 637,465	\$ 383,032	\$ 936,916	\$5,541,553

See notes to financial statements.

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2019

Exhibit D

Total fund balances of governmental funds

\$2,290,725

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental funds.

9,544,778

Other long-term assets are not available to pay current year expenditures and, therefore, are recognized as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds.

195,336

The Internal Service Fund is used by the District to charge the costs of the partially self-funded insurance plan to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the Internal Service Fund are included in the governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.

44,486

Accrued interest payable on long-term liabilities is not due and payable in the current year and, therefore, is not reported as a liability in the governmental funds.

(36,290)

Pension related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current year and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds, as follows:

Deferred outflows of resources Deferred inflows of resources \$513,347

(137,416)

375,931

Long-term liabilities, including bonds and notes payable, termination benefits and other postemployment benefits payable and net pension liability are not due and payable in the current year and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.

(8,753,900)

Net position of governmental activities

\$3,661,066

Exhibit E

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Capital			
		Projects			
		Statewide		Nonmajor	
		Sales, Services	Debt	Governmenta	ıl
Revenues	<u>General</u>	and Use Tax	Service	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
Local sources					
Local tax	\$1,754,261	\$ -	\$ 351,684	\$ 339,388	\$2,445,333
Tuition	583,114	-	-	-	583,114
Other	247,001	5,005		213,012	465,018
State sources	2,636,972	398,785	1,931	1,862	3,039,550
Federal sources	108,372				108,372
Total revenues	5,329,720	403,790	353,615	_554,262	6,641,387
Expenditures					
Current					
Instruction					
Regular	2,208,123	-	9 -	15,857	2,223,980
Special	572,475	-	2-		572,475
Other	414,058	·	-	193,201	607,259
	3,194,656	-		209,058	3,403,714
Support services					
Student	159,401	1.5			159,401
Instructional staff	172,712	-	-	17,260	189,972
Administration	642,311	1-	-	48,143	690,454
Operation and maintenance	522,984	=	-	72,084	595,068
Transportation	149,155			47,156	196,311
	1,646,563	-	-	184,643	1,831,206
Other expenditures					
Facilities acquisition	=	42,794	=	107,083	149,877
Long-term debt					
Principal	-	-0	435,000	- 9	435,000
Interest and fiscal charges	-	素的	152,481	5 3	152,481
AEA flowthrough	166,354				166,354
T	166,354	42,794	587,481	107,083	903,712
Total expenditures	5,007,573	42,794	587,481	_500,784	6,138,632
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	222 1 15	260.006	(222.066)		
over (under) expenditures	322,147	360,996	(233,866)	53,478	502,755
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	-	-	236,626	-	236,626
Transfers (out)		(236,626)	-		(236,626)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	_(236,626)	236,626		
Change in fund balances	322,147	124,370	2,760	53,478	502,755
Fund balance, beginning of year	785,891	513,095	29,667	459,317	1,787,970
Fund balance, end of year	\$1,108,038	\$ 637,465	\$ 32,427	\$ 512,795	\$2,290,725

Exhibit F

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds
to the Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 502,755

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. These costs are not reported in the Statement of Activities, but they are allocated over the estimated useful lives of the capital assets as depreciation expense in the Statement of Activities. Capital outlay expenditures and depreciation expense in the current year are as follows:

Expenditures for capital assets	\$ 260,985
Loss on disposal of capital assets	(9,600)
Depreciation expense	(288,904) (37,519)

Certain revenues not collected for several months after year end are not considered available revenue and are recognized as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds.

12,813

The Internal Service Fund is used by the District to charge the costs of the partially self-funded insurance plan to individual funds. The change in net position of the Internal Service Fund is reported with governmental activities.

13,194

Repayment of long-term liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

435,000

Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds, as follows:

Termination benefits	(4,188)	
Pension expense	(202,515)	
Other postemployment benefits	(99,946)	(306,649)

Interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recorded as an expenditure in the governmental funds when due. In the Statement of Activities, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.

2,664

The current year District IPERS contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds but are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position.

\$ 850,542

Change in net position of governmental activities

Exhibit G

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2019

June 30, 2019		Governmental
		Activity
	Nonmajor	Internal
	Enterprise	<u>Service</u>
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 52,625	\$ 44,486
Accounts receivable	1,419	
Due from other governments	562	-
Inventories	6,344	-
Total current assets	60,950	44,486
Noncurrent assets		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	21,278	-0
Total assets	82,228	44,486
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Pension related deferred outflows	20,868	_
1 onsion related deferred outriews		·
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	100	-
Salaries and benefits payable	19,646	
Due to other fund	11	-
Unearned revenue	3,856	=
Total current liabilities	23,613	
Noncurrent liabilities		
Net pension liability	57,090	·
Total liabilities	80,703	
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Pension related deferred inflows	27,836	<u> </u>
Totalion Totalion dolorion mino (1)		
Net Position		
Investment in capital assets	21,278	2 NO 1500 5
Unrestricted	(40,199)	44,486
Total net position	<u>\$(18,921)</u>	<u>\$ 44,486</u>

Exhibit H

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Operating revenue	Nonmajor <u>Enterprise</u>	Governmental Activity Internal Service
Local sources Charges for service	\$185,461	\$46,774
Operating expenses Support services Administration		33,691
Non-instructional programs Food service operations Preschool operations	232,410 69,620	- -
Total operating expenses Operating income (loss)	302,030 (116,569)	33,691 13,083
Non-operating revenues		
Interest income State sources Federal sources	99 1,643 91,858	111 - -
Total non-operating revenues	93,600	111
Change in net position Net position beginning of year	(22,969) 4,048	13,194 31,292
Net position end of year	<u>\$ (18,921)</u>	<u>\$44,486</u>

Exhibit I

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds the Year Ended June 20, 20

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Cash flows from operating activities Nonmajor Enterprise Internal Services Cash received from sale of services \$183,062 \$46,774 Cash payments to employees for services (128,415) - Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services (126,874) (33,691) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities (72,227) 13,083 Cash flows from non-capital financing activities 1,643 - Federal grants received 73,113 - Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities 74,756 - Cash flows from investing activities 9 111 Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities 99 111 Cash flows from investing activities 99 111 Interest on investments 99 111 Net cash and cash equivalents 2,628 13,194 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 49,997 31,292 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year \$52,625 \$44,486 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities \$116,569 \$13,083 </th <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>ernmental Activity</th>				ernmental Activity
Cash flows from operating activities Enterprise Service Cash received from sale of services \$183,062 \$46,774 Cash payments to employees for services (128,415)		Nonmajor		
Cash received from sale of services \$ 183,062 \$ 46,774 Cash payments to employees for services (128,415) - Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services (126,674) (33,691) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities (72,227) 13,083 Cash flows from non-capital financing activities 1,643 - Federal grants received 73,113 - Federal grants received by non-capital financing activities 74,756 - Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities 74,756 - Cash flows from capital and related financing activities 5 - Interest on investments 99 111 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 2,628 13,194 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 49,997 31,292 Cash and cash equivalents, end of year \$52,625 44,486 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities Operating income (loss) \$(116,569) \$13,083 Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities \$5,723 </td <td>Cash flows from operating activities</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash payments to employees for services (128,415) - Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services (126,874) (33,691) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities (72,227) 13,083 Cash flows from non-capital financing activities 1,643 - State grants received 73,113 - Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities 74,756 - Cash flows from capital and related financing activities - - Interest on investing activities 99 111 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 2,628 13,194 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 49,997 31,292 Cash and cash equivalents, end of year \$52,625 \$44,886 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities Operating income (loss) \$(16,569) \$ 13,083 Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities \$(16,569) \$ 13,083 Operating income (loss) \$(16,569) \$ 13,083 \$ 13,083 Adjustments to reconcile operating income		•	_	
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services (126,874) (33,691) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities (72,227) 13,083 Cash flows from non-capital financing activities 1,643 - State grants received 73,113 - Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities 74,756 - Cash flows from capital and related financing activities 9 111 Cash flows from investing activities 99 111 Interest on investments 99 111 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 2,628 13,194 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 49,997 31,292 Cash and cash equivalents, end of year \$52,625 \$44,86 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities Operating income (loss) \$(116,569) \$13,083 Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities Depreciation 5,723 - Commodities used 18,183 - (Increase) in accounts receivable <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>2.5.5</td><td>-</td></td<>			2.5.5	-
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities 1,643 - Federal grants received 73,113 - Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities 74,756 - Cash flows from capital and related financing activities - - Cash flows from investing activities 99 111 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 2,628 13,194 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 49,997 31,292 Cash and cash equivalents, end of year \$52,625 \$44,486 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities (116,569) \$13,083 Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities Depreciation 5,723 - Commodities used 18,183 - (Increase) in accounts receivable (384) - Increase in due to other fund 11 - Increase in due to other governments 13,478 - (Increase) in inventory (2,009) - Decrease in deferred outflo		,		(33,691)
State grants received 1,643 - Federal grants received 73,113 - Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities 74,756 - Cash flows from capital and related financing activities - - Interest on investing activities 99 111 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 2,628 13,194 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 49,997 31,292 Cash and cash equivalents, end of year \$52,625 \$44,866 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities \$(116,569) 13,083 Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities \$(16,569) \$13,083 Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities \$(18,569) \$13,083 Depreciation 5,723 - Commodities used 18,183 - (Increase) in accounts receivable (384) - Increase in due to other fund 11 - Increase in due to other governments	Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(72,227)		13,083
Federal grants received 73,113 - Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities 74,756 - Cash flows from capital and related financing activities - - Cash flows from investing activities 99 111 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 2,628 13,194 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 49,997 31,292 Cash and cash equivalents, end of year \$52,625 44,486 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities \$(116,569) 13,083 Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities \$1,272 - Depreciation 5,723 - - Commodities used 18,183 - - (Increase) in accounts receivable (384) - Increase in due to other fund 11 - Increase in due to other governments 13,478 - (Increase) in inventory (2,009) - Decrease in deferred outflows of resources 4,992 - </td <td>Cash flows from non-capital financing activities</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Cash flows from non-capital financing activities			
Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities 74,756 - Cash flows from capital and related financing activities - - Cash flows from investing activities 99 111 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 2,628 13,194 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 49,997 31,292 Cash and cash equivalents, end of year \$52,625 44,486 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities Operating income (loss) \$(116,569) \$13,083 Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities \$5,723 - Depreciation 5,723 - Commodities used 18,183 - (Increase) in accounts receivable (384) - Increase in due to other fund 11 - Increase in due to other governments 13,478 - (Increase) in inventory (2,009) - Decrease in deferred outflows of resources 4,992 - (Decrease) in net pension liability (1,985) - </td <td>State grants received</td> <td>1,643</td> <td></td> <td></td>	State grants received	1,643		
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities -	Federal grants received	73,113		
Cash flows from investments 99 111 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 2,628 13,194 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 49,997 31,292 Cash and cash equivalents, end of year \$52,625 44,486 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities Operating income (loss) \$(116,569) \$13,083 Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities Depreciation 5,723 - Commodities used 18,183 - (Increase) in accounts receivable (384) - Increase in due to other fund 11 - Increase in due to other governments 13,478 - (Increase) in inventory (2,009) - Decrease in deferred outflows of resources 4,992 - (Decrease) in net pension liability 1,1985 - Increase in deferred inflows of resources 4,540 - (Decrease) in accounts payable (728) - (Decrease) in unearned revenu	Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities	74,756		-
Interest on investments 99 111 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 2,628 13,194 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 49,997 31,292 Cash and cash equivalents, end of year \$52,625 44,486 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities Operating income (loss) \$(116,569) \$13,083 Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities \$5,723 - Depreciation 5,723 - Commodities used 18,183 - (Increase) in accounts receivable (384) - Increase in due to other fund 11 - Increase in due to other governments 13,478 - (Increase) in inventory (2,009) - Decrease in deferred outflows of resources 4,992 - (Decrease) in net pension liability (1,985) - Increase in deferred inflows of resources 4,540 - (Decrease) in uncarned revenue (2,015) -	Cash flows from capital and related financing activities			-
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 2,628 13,194 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 49,997 31,292 Cash and cash equivalents, end of year \$52,625 44,486 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities \$(116,569) 13,083 Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities \$5,723 - Depreciation 5,723 - Commodities used 18,183 - (Increase) in accounts receivable (384) - Increase in due to other fund 11 - Increase in due to other governments 13,478 - (Increase) in inventory (2,009) - Decrease in deferred outflows of resources 4,992 - (Decrease) in net pension liability (1,985) - Increase in deferred inflows of resources 4,540 - (Decrease) in uncounts payable (728) - (Decrease) in unearned revenue (2,015) - Increase in accrued salaries	Cash flows from investing activities			
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 49,997 31,292 Cash and cash equivalents, end of year \$52,625 44,486 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities \$(116,569) 13,083 Operating income (loss) \$(116,569) 13,083 Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities 5,723 - Depreciation 5,723 - Commodities used 18,183 - (Increase) in accounts receivable (384) - Increase in due to other fund 11 - Increase in due to other governments 13,478 - (Increase) in inventory (2,009) - Decrease in deferred outflows of resources 4,992 - (Decrease) in net pension liability (1,985) - Increase in deferred inflows of resources 4,540 - (Decrease) in accounts payable (728) - (Decrease) in unearned revenue (2,015) - Increase in accrued salaries and benefits<	Interest on investments	99		111
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Increase in due to other governments (Increase) in inventory (2,009) Decrease in deferred outflows of resources (Decrease) in net pension liability (1,985) Increase in deferred inflows of resources (Decrease) in accounts payable (Decrease) in unearned revenue (Decrease) in unearned revenue (2,015) Increase in accrued salaries and benefits	(Increase) in accounts receivable	(384)		-
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(Decrease) in net pension liability(1,985)-Increase in deferred inflows of resources4,540-(Decrease) in accounts payable(728)-(Decrease) in unearned revenue(2,015)-Increase in accrued salaries and benefits4,536-	(Increase) in inventory	(2,009)		-
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Increase in accrued salaries and benefits 4,536 -				18
				10 0
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities $\frac{\$ (72,227)}{\$ 13,083}$		-	0	-
	Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ (72,227)	\$	13,083

Non-cash investing, capital and related financing activities.

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the District received \$18,183 of federal commodities.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Springville Community School District is a political subdivision of the State of Iowa and operates public schools for children in grades kindergarten through twelve. The geographic area served includes the City of Springville, Iowa, and the agricultural territory in Linn County. The District is governed by a Board of Education whose members are elected on a non-partisan basis.

The District's financial statements are prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, Springville Community School District has included all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District. The Springville Community School District has no component units which meet the Governmental Accounting Standards Board criteria.

<u>Jointly Governed Organization</u> - The District participates in a jointly governed organization that provides services to the District but does not meet the criteria of a joint venture since there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility by the participating governments. The District is a member of the County Assessor's Conference Board.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements - The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for service.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in the following categories:

Net Investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the preceding categories. Unrestricted net position is often subject to constraints imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property tax and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor governmental funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. All general tax revenues and other revenues not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. From the fund are paid the general operating expenditures, including instructional, support and other costs.

The Capital Projects - Statewide Sales, Services and Use Tax Fund is used to account for the collection of the 1% statewide sales, services and use tax to be expended for school infrastructure purposes.

The Debt Service Fund is utilized to account for property tax and other revenues to be used for the payment of interest and principal on the District's general long-term debt.

The District reports no major proprietary funds. However, it reports two non-major Enterprise Funds, the School Nutrition Fund and Preschool Fund, which are used to account for the school nutrition and preschool operations, respectively of the district. The District also reports an Internal Service Fund for its partially self-funded insurance program.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property tax is recognized as revenue in the year for which it is levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end.

Property tax, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments and termination benefits are recognized as expenditures only when payment is due. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, and then general revenues.

When an expenditure is incurred in governmental funds which can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the District's policy is generally to first apply the expenditure toward restricted fund balance and then to less-restrictive classifications – committed, assigned and then unassigned fund balances.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's Enterprise Funds is charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for Enterprise Funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The District maintains its financial records on the cash basis. The financial statements of the District are prepared by making memorandum adjusting entries to the cash basis financial records.

D. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund</u> Balance/Net Position

The following accounting policies are followed in preparing the financial statements:

<u>Cash</u>, <u>Cash</u> <u>Equivalents and Pooled Investments</u> - The cash balances of most District funds are pooled and invested. Investments are stated at fair value except for the investment in the Iowa

Schools Joint Investment Trust which is valued at amortized cost and non-negotiable certificates of deposit which are stated at amortized cost.

The Iowa Schools Joint Investment Trust is a common law trust established under Iowa law and is administered by an appointed investment management company. The fair value of the position in the trust is the same as the value of the shares.

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, all short-term cash investments that are highly liquid are considered to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and, at the day of purchase, have a maturity date no longer than three months.

<u>Property Tax Receivable</u> - Property tax in governmental funds is accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Property tax receivable is recognized in these funds on the levy or lien date, which is the date the tax asking is certified by the Board of Education. Delinquent property tax receivable represents unpaid taxes for the current and prior years. The succeeding year property tax receivable represents taxes certified by the Board of Education to be collected in the next fiscal year for the purposes set out in the budget for the next fiscal year. By statute, the District is required to certify its budget in April of each year for the subsequent fiscal year. However, by statute, the tax asking and budget certification for the following fiscal year becomes effective on the first day of that year. Although the succeeding year property tax receivable has been recorded, the related revenue is reported as a deferred inflow of resources in both the government-wide and fund financial statements and will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

Property tax revenue recognized in these funds become due and collectible in September and March of the fiscal year with a 1½ % per month penalty for delinquent payments; is based on January 1, 2017 assessed property valuations; is for the tax accrual period July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019 and reflects the tax asking contained in the budget certified to the County Board of Supervisors in April 2018.

<u>Due from Other Governments</u> - Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Iowa, various shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments.

<u>Inventories</u> - Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out method for purchased items and government commodities. Inventories of proprietary funds are recorded as expenses when consumed rather than when purchased or received.

<u>Capital Assets</u> - Capital assets, which include property, furniture and equipment are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value. Acquisition value is the price that would have been paid to acquire a capital asset with equivalent service potential. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Reportable capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the following thresholds and estimated useful lives in excess of two years.

Asset Class	<u>Amount</u>
Land	\$ 2,500
Buildings	\$ 2,500
Improvements other than buildings	\$ 2,500
Intangibles	\$25,000
Furniture and equipment:	
School Nutrition Fund equipment	\$ 500
Other furniture and equipment	\$ 2,500

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Useful Life
Buildings & Improvements	50 years
Improvements other than buildings	20-50 years
Intangibles	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment	5-15 years

The District's collection of library books and other similar materials are not capitalized. These collections are unencumbered, held for public exhibition and education, protected, cared for and preserved and subject to District policy that requires proceeds from the sale of these items, if any, to be used to acquire other collection items.

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> - Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position applicable to a future year(s) which will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Deferred outflows of resources consist of unrecognized items not yet charged to pension expense, the unamortized portion of the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments and contributions from the District after the measurement date but before the end of the District's reporting period.

<u>Salaries and Benefits Payable</u> - Payroll and related expenditures for teachers with annual contracts corresponding to the current school year, which are payable in July and August, have been accrued as liabilities.

<u>Termination Benefits</u> - District employees meeting certain requirements are eligible for early retirement benefits. A liability is recorded when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental fund financial statements only for employees that have resigned or retired and the payment has become due but remains unpaid. The termination benefit liability has been computed based on rates of pay in effect at June 30, 2019. The termination benefit liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid primarily from the Management Fund.

<u>Unearned Revenue</u> - Unearned revenues are monies collected for lunches that have not yet been served. The lunch account balances will either be reimbursed or served lunches.

<u>Pensions</u> - For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System (IPERS) and additions to/deductions from IPERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they

are reported by IPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions, are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The net pension liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid primarily by the General Fund.

<u>Total OPEB Liability</u> - For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB and OPEB expense, information has been determined based on the Springville District's actuary report. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The total OPEB liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid primarily by the General Fund.

<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> - Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position applicable to a future year(s) which will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Although certain revenues are measurable, they are not available. Available means collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. Deferred inflows of resources in the governmental fund financial statements represent the amount of assets that have been recognized, but the related revenue has not been recognized since the assets are not collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. Deferred inflows of resources consist of property tax receivable and income surtax receivables not collected within sixty days after year end and amounts paid by students for meals not yet served.

Deferred inflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position consist of succeeding year property tax receivable that will not be recognized until the year for which it is levied and unrecognized items not yet charged to pension expense.

<u>Long-term Liabilities</u> - In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities column in the Statement of Net Position.

<u>Fund Balance</u> - In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

Restricted - Amounts restricted to specific purposes when constraints placed on the use of the resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors or state or federal laws or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - Amounts which can be used only for specific purposes determined pursuant to constraints formally imposed by the Board of Education through resolution approved prior to year-end. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same action it employed to commit those amounts.

Unassigned - All amounts not included in the preceding classifications.

<u>Net Position</u> - In the district-wide Statement of Net Position, net position is reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors,

contributors or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Net position restricted through enabling legislation includes \$151,765 for management levy purposes, \$223,056 for physical plant and equipment, \$111,691 for student activities and \$637,465 for school infrastructure.

E. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The budgetary comparison and related disclosures are reported as Required Supplementary Information. During the year ended June 30, 2019, expenditures exceeded the amount budgeted in the other expenditures function.

F. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Note 2. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Pooled Investments

The District's deposits in banks at June 30, 2019 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against the depositories to ensure there will be no loss of public funds.

The District is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the Board of Education; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

The District had no investments meeting the disclosure requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 72.

Note 3. Due From and Due to Other Funds

The detail of interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 2019 is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Non-major enterprise	
	School Nutrition Fund	\$ 11

The School Nutrition Fund owed the General Fund for unreimbursed expenses at June 30, 2019. These amounts are expected to be repaid during the year ending June 30, 2020.

Note 4. Interfund Transfers

The detail of interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2019 is as follows:

Transfer To Transfer From		Amount		
Governmental	Nonmajor Capital Projects			
Debt service	Statewide sales, services and use tax	\$	236,626	

Transfers generally move revenues from the fund statutorily required to collect the resources to the fund statutorily required to expand the resources. The transfer from the Statewide Sales, Services and Use Tax Fund to the Debt Service Fund was for future payment of principal and interest on long-term debt.

Note 5. Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

	Balance,			Balance,
	Beginning			End of
Governmental activities	of Year	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	Year
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 453,369	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 453,369
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings & improvements	12,011,947	57,923	-	12,069,870
Site Improvements	180,424	41,975	-	222,399
Furniture and equipment	1,878,217	161,087	(9,600)	2,029,704
Total capital assets being depreciated	14,070,588	260,985	(9,600)	14,321,973
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	3,273,587	198,254	-	3,471,841
Site improvements	14,683	4,449	-	19,132
Furniture and equipment	1,653,390	86,201		1,739,591
Total accumulated depreciation	4,941,660	288,904		5,230,564
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	9,128,928	(27,919)	(9,600)	9,091,409
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 9,582,297	\$ (27,919)	\$ (9,600)	\$ 9,544,778
Business type activities				
Furniture and equipment				
Less accumulated depreciation	\$ 115,479	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 115,479
Business type activities capital assets, net	88,478	5,723		94,201
	\$ 27,001	\$ (5,723)	\$ -	\$ 21,278

Depreciation expense was charged to the following functions:

Governmental activities	
Instruction	
Regular	\$ 11,301
Other	1,654
Support services	
Instructional staff	1,486
Administration	2,353
Operation and maintenance of plant	7,832
Transportation	40,665
	65,291
Unallocated depreciation	223,613
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$ 288,904
Business type activities	
Food services	\$ 5,723

Note 6. Long-term Liabilities

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2019 are summarized as follows:

	Balance, Beginning			Balance, End	Due Within
	of Year	Additions	Reductions	of Year	One Year
Governmental activities				s 	
General obligation bonds	\$ 4,215,000	\$ -	\$ (260,000)	\$ 3,955,000	\$ 265,000
Revenue refunding bonds	2,465,000	:=	(175,000)	2,290,000	180,000
Termination benefits	22,095	18,918	(14,730)	26,283	13,671
Net pension liability	1,875,664	=	(53,246)	1,822,418	_
Net OPEB liability	560,253	99,946		660,199	
Totals	\$ 9,138,012	<u>\$ 118,864</u>	\$ (502,976)	\$ 8,753,900	\$ 458,671
Business type activities					
Net pension liability	\$ 59,075	\$ -	\$ (1,985)	\$ 57,090	\$ -

Interest costs incurred and charged to expense on all long-term debt was \$149,817 for the year ended June 30, 2019. During the year ended June 30, 2019, the District made principal payments on total long-term debt of \$435,000.

Refunding Revenue Bonds

Details of the District's June 30, 2019 statewide sales, services and use tax revenue bonded indebtedness are as follows:

Year	Bond issue of September 2015						
Ending	Interest						
June 30,	Rates	<u>I1</u>	nterest	<u>P</u> 1	rincipal		<u>Total</u>
2020	2.55%	\$	56,100	\$	180,000	\$	236,100
2021	2.55%		51,446		185,000		236,446
2022	2.55%		46,665		190,000		236,665
2023	2.55%		41,692		200,000		241,692
2024	2.55%		36,529		205,000		241,529
2025-2029	2.55%		100,916		1,095,000		1,195,916
2030	2.55%		2,996	12	235,000	·	237,996
Totals		\$	336,344	\$ 2	2,290,000	\$	2,626,344

The District has pledged future statewide sales, services and use tax revenues to repay the \$2,820,000 of bonds issued in September 2015. The bonds were issued to refund the bond issue from June 2009. The bonds are payable solely from the proceeds of the statewide sales, services and use tax revenues received by the District and are payable through 2030. The bonds are not a general obligation of the District. However, the debt is subject to the constitutional debt limitation of the District. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require approximately 60% of the statewide sales, services and use tax revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$2,626,344. For the current year, \$175,000 of principal and \$60,626 of interest was paid on the bonds and statewide sales, services and use tax revenues were \$398,785.

General Obligation Bonds Payable

On July 1, 2016, the District issued \$4,725,000 of general obligation bonds with interest rates ranging from 2.0% to 2.7%. The proceeds of the bonds were used for construction of an elementary building. Details of the District's June 30, 2019 general obligation indebtedness are as follows:

Year	Bond issue of July 2016			
Ending	Interest			
June 30,	Rates	<u>Interest</u>	Principal	<u>Total</u>
2020	2.00%	\$ 85,105	\$ 265,000	\$ 350,105
2021	2.00%	79,805	270,000	349,805
2022	2.00%	74,405	275,000	349,405
2023	2.00%	68,905	285,000	353,905
2024	2.00%	63,205	290,000	353,205
2025-2029	2.00%	231,925	1,200,000	1,431,925
2030-2034	2.1-2.5%	125,660	955,000	1,080,660
2035-2036	2.7%	16,875	415,000	431,875
Totals		\$ 745,885	\$ 3,955,000	\$ 4,700,885

Termination Benefits

The District offered a voluntary early retirement plan to its certified employees. To qualify the eligible employee must have reached age 55 on or before the actual date of retirement and have worked at least 10 years of service with the District and have continuously worked a minimum of the most recent five years of service at the District and was actively employed on at least a ¾ time basis during the five years prior to retirement. The employee must also notify the Board of Education no later than February 1, of the year of retirement. Benefits will be over a two-year period, the first payment being in July of the year of retirement, the second payment in January following retirement and the final payment in July of the following year. Employees requesting termination benefits will receive an amount based on 50% of the retiree's current placement on the salary schedule, not including extra duty increments, phase monies, supplemental pay or extended contracts. Each retiree shall also be entitled to participate until age 65 or the date at which Medicare provides coverage, whichever occurs first, in the employee health insurance plan at their own cost.

At June 30, 2019, the District had obligations to two participants with a total liability of \$26,283.

Note 7. Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u> - IPERS membership is mandatory for employees of the District, except for those covered by another retirement system. Employees of the District are provided with pensions through a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System (IPERS). IPERS issues a stand-alone financial report which is available to the public by mail at P.O. Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa 50306-9117 or at www.ipers.org.

IPERS benefits are established under Iowa Code Chapter 97B and the administrative rules thereunder. Chapter 97B and the administrative rules are the official plan documents. The following brief description is provided for general informational purposes only. Refer to the plan documents for more information.

<u>Pension Benefits</u> - A Regular member may retire at normal retirement age and receive monthly benefits without an early-retirement reduction. Normal retirement age is age 65, any time after reaching age 62 with 20 or more years of covered employment or when the member's years of service plus the member's age at the last birthday equals or exceeds 88, whichever comes first. These qualifications must be met on the member's first month of entitlement to benefits. Members cannot begin receiving retirement benefits before age 55. The formula used to calculate a Regular member's monthly IPERS benefit includes:

- A multiplier based on years of service.
- The member's highest five-year average salary, except members with service before June 30, 2012 will use the highest three-year average salary as of that date if it is greater than the highest five-year average salary.

If a member retires before normal retirement age, the member's monthly retirement benefit will be permanently reduced by an early-retirement reduction. The early-retirement reduction is

calculated differently for service earned before and after July 1, 2012. For service earned before July 1, 2012, the reduction is 0.25% for each month the member receives benefits before the member's earliest normal retirement age. For service earned on or after July 1, 2012, the reduction is 0.50% for each month the member receives benefits before age 65.

Generally, once a member selects a benefit option, a monthly benefit is calculated and remains the same for the rest of the member's lifetime. However, to combat the effects of inflation, retirees who began receiving benefits prior to July 1990 receive a guaranteed dividend with their regular November benefit payments.

<u>Disability</u> and <u>Death Benefits</u> - A vested member who is awarded federal Social Security disability or Railroad Retirement disability benefits is eligible to claim IPERS benefits regardless of age. Disability benefits are not reduced for early retirement. If a member dies before retirement, the member's beneficiary will receive a lifetime annuity or a lump-sum payment equal to the present actuarial value of the member's accrued benefit or calculated with a set formula, whichever is greater. When a member dies after retirement, death benefits depend on the benefit option the member selected at retirement.

Contributions - Contribution rates are established by IPERS following the annual actuarial valuation which applies IPERS' Contribution Rate Funding Policy and Actuarial Amortization Method. State statute limits the amount rates can increase or decrease each year to 1 percentage point. IPERS Contribution Rate Funding Policy requires the actuarial contribution rate be determined using the "entry age normal" actuarial cost method and the actuarial assumptions and methods approved by the IPERS Investment Board. The actuarial contribution rate covers normal cost plus the unfunded actuarial liability payment based on a 30-year amortization period. The payment to amortize the unfunded actuarial liability is determined as a level percentage of payroll based on the Actuarial Amortization Method adopted by the Investment Board.

In fiscal year 2019, pursuant to the required rate, Regular members contributed 6.29% of covered payroll and the District contributed 9.44% of covered payroll, for a total rate of 15.73%.

The District's contributions to IPERS for the year ended June 30, 2019 totaled \$228,284.

Net Pension Liability, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$1,879,508 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to IPERS relative to the contributions of all IPERS participating employers. At June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was 0.029710%, which was an increase of 0.000403 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$25,769. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Out	eferred tflows of esources	Inf	eferred lows of sources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	10,305	\$	42,480
Changes of assumptions		268,123		-
Net difference between projected and actual		ā.		
earnings on IPERS' investments		-		51,642
Changes in proportion and differences between District				,
contributions and the District's proportionate share of contributions		27,502		71,130
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u></u>	228,285		_
Total	\$	534,215	_\$_	165,252

\$228,285 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year	
Ended	
June 30,	
2020	\$ 88,552
2021	54,206
2022	(8,374)
2023	6,129
2024	165
Total	\$140,678

There were no non-employer contributing entities to IPERS.

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> - The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement.

2.60% per annum.
3.25 to 16.25%, average, including inflation.
Rates vary by membership group.
7.00 %, compounded annually, net of investment
expense, including inflation.
3.25% annum, based on 2.60% inflation
and 0.65% real wage inflation.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an economic assumption study dated March 24, 2017 and a demographic assumption study dated June 28, 2018.

Mortality rates used in the 2018 valuation were based on the RP-2014 Employee and Healthy Annuitant Tables with MP-2017 generational adjustments.

The long-term expected rate of return on IPERS' investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Asset	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	22%	6.01
International equity	15	6.48
Global smart beta equity	3	6.23
Core plus fixed income	27	1.97
Public credit	3.5	3.93
Public real assets	7	2.91
Cash	1	(0.25)
Private equity	- 11	10.81
Private real assets	7.5	4.14
Private credit	3	3.11
Total	100%	=

<u>Discount Rate</u> - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed employee contributions will be made at the contractually required rate and contributions from the District will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, IPERS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on IPERS' investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1% lower (6.00%) or 1% higher (8.00%) than the current rate.

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
District's proportionate share of			
the net pension liability	\$3,189,902	\$1,879,508	\$780,281

<u>IPERS'</u> Fiduciary Net <u>Position</u> - Detailed information about IPERS' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued IPERS financial report which is available on IPERS' website at <u>www.ipers.org</u>.

<u>Payables to IPERS</u> - At June 30, 2019, the District reported no payables to IPERS for legally required District contributions or for legally required employee contributions withheld from employee wages which had not yet been remitted to IPERS.

Note 8. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

<u>Plan Description</u> - The District administers a single-employer benefit plan which provides medical and prescription drug benefits for employees, retirees, and their spouses. Group insurance benefits are established under Iowa Code Chapter 509A.13. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

OPEB Benefits - Individuals who are employed by Springville District and are eligible to participate in the group health plan are eligible to continue healthcare benefits upon retirement. Retirees under age 65 pay the same premium for the medical and prescription drug benefits as active employees, which results in an implicit rate subsidy and an OPEB liability.

Retired participants must be age 55 or older at retirement. At June 30, 2019, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	0
Active employees	<u>58</u>
Total	58

<u>Total OPEB Liability</u> - The District's total OPEB liability of \$560,253 was measured as of June 30, 2019 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

<u>Actual Assumptions</u> - The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and the entry age normal actuarial cost method, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

Rate of Inflation	2.5% per annum.
(effective June 30, 2019)	
Rates of salary increase	2.5% per annum.
(effective June 30, 2019)	
Discount rate	3.13% per annum.
(effective June 30, 2019)	

Healthcare cost trend rate (effective June 30, 2019)

6.9% initial rate decreasing annually to an ultimate rate of 4.40%

<u>Discount Rate</u> - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.13% which reflects the index rate for 20-year tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher as of the measurement date.

Mortality rates are from the SOA RPH-2017 total dataset mortality table fully generational using Scale MP-2017. Annual retirement probabilities are based on varying rates by age and turnover probabilities mirror those used by IPERS.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience studies with dates corresponding to those listed above.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total
	OPEB
	Liability
Total OPEB liability beginning of year	\$ 560,253
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	52,148
Interest	17,536
Differences between expected	
and actual experiences	-
Changes in assumptions	30,262
Benefit payments	
Net changes	99,946
Total OPEB liability end of year	\$ 660,199

Changes of assumptions reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.62% in fiscal year 2018 to 3.13% in fiscal year 2019.

<u>Sensitivity of the District's Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u> - The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (2.13%) or 1% higher (4.13%) than the current discount rate.

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
_	(2.13%)	(3.13%)	(4.13%)
Total OPEB liability	\$737,089	\$660,199	\$586,786

Sensitivity of the District's Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates - The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District as what the District's total OPEB liability would be it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1% lower (5.9%) or 1% higher (7.9%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates.

	1% Decrease (5.9%)	Healthcare Cost Trend Rate (6.9%)	1% Increase (7.9%)
Total OPEB liability	\$559,463	\$660,199	\$786,557

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB - For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$99,946. At June 30, 2019, the District reported no deferred outflows or inflows of resources related to OPEB.

Note 9. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft; damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by the purchase of commercial insurance. The District assumes liability for any deductibles and claims in excess of coverage limitations. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 10. Area Education Agency

The District is required by the Code of Iowa to budget for its share of special education support, media and educational services provided through the Area Education Agency. The District's actual amount for this purpose totaled \$166,354 adjusting entry to the cash basis financial statements.

Note 11. Contingencies

Grant Funding - The District participates in a number of federal and state programs that are fully or partially funded by grants received from other governmental units. Expenditures financed by grants were subjected to local audit but still remain open to audit by the appropriate grantor government. If expenditures are disallowed by the grantor government due to non-compliance with grant program regulations, the District may be required to reimburse the grantor government. As of June 30, 2019, significant amounts of grant expenditures have not been audited by granting authorities but the District believes that disallowed expenditures, if any, based on subsequent audits will not have a material effect on any of the individual governmental funds or the overall financial position of the District.

Note 12. Categorical Funding

In accordance with Iowa Administrative Code Section 98.1, categorical funding is financial support from the state and federal governments targeted for particular categories of students, special programs, or special purposes. This support is in addition to school district or area education agency general purpose revenue, for purposes beyond the basic educational program and most often has restrictions on its use. Any portion of categorical funding provided by the state that is not expended by the end of the fiscal year must be carried forward as a restricted fund

balance.

The following is a schedule of the categorical funding restricted in the General Fund at June 30, 2019.

<u>Program</u>		
Home school assistance program	\$	7,273
At-risk		1,063
Returning dropout and dropout prevention program		8,654
Fuel Up to Play 60		920
Teacher leadership		10,376
Beginning teacher mentoring and induction program		9,759
Statewide voluntary preschool		46,461
Early Literacy	42	50,409
	\$	134,915

Note 13. Deficit Net Position

The District had the following deficit net position balances at June 30, 2019.

•	School Nutrition Fund, unrestricted net position	\$38,579
•	School Nutrition Fund, total net position	\$17,301
•	Preschool Fund, unrestricted net position	\$ 1,620
•	Preschool Fund, total net position	\$ 1,620
•	Enterprise Funds, unrestricted net position	\$40,199
•	Enterprise Funds, total net position	\$18,921
•	Business type activities, unrestricted net position	\$40,199
•	Business type activities, total net position	\$18,921
•	Governmental activities, unrestricted net position	\$897,604

Note 14. Tax Abatements

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 77 defines tax abatements as a reduction in tax revenues that results from an agreement between one or more governments and an individual or entity in which (a) one or more governments promise to forgo tax revenues to which they are otherwise entitled and (b) the individual or entity promises to take a specific action after the agreement has been entered into that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the governments or the citizens of those governments.

Tax Abatements of Other Entities

Property tax revenues of the District were reduced by the following amounts for the year ended June 30, 2019 under agreements entered into by the following entities:

Entity	Tax Abatement Program	Amount of Tax Abated
City of Marion	Urban Renewal and Economic	\$ 301
•	Development Projects	

The State of Iowa reimburses the District an amount equivalent to the increment of valuation on which property tax is divided times \$5.40 per \$1,000 of taxable valuation. For the year ended June 30, 2019, this reimbursement amounted to \$141.

Note 15. Prospective Accounting Change

Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued Statement No. 84, <u>Fiduciary Activities</u>. This statement will be implemented for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. The revised requirements of this statement will enhance the consistency and comparability of fiduciary activity reporting by state and local governments by establishing specific criteria for identifying fiduciary activities and clarifying whether and how business-type activities should report their fiduciary activities.

Note 16. Subsequent Events

The District has evaluated subsequent events through February 14, 2020 which is the date that the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 17. Pending Litigation

As of June 30, 2019, the District was involved in a case of pending litigation. The matter is being vigorously defended by the District's insurance company. It is difficult to estimate the outcome of the litigation and potential damages, if any, involved. Therefore, no liability for potential damages has been recorded.

Required Supplementary Information

SPRINGVILLE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Budgetary Comparison Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures/Expenses and Changes in Balances - Budget and Actual

All Governmental Funds and Proprietary Funds

Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Total	Budgeted	Budgeted Amounts	Final to Actual
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Original	Final	Variance
	\$ 3 493 465	\$185,560	\$3.679.025	\$3.470.986	\$3,470,986	\$ 208,039
	3,039,550	1,643	3,041,193	3,019,852	3,019,852	21,341
	108,372	91,858	200,230	209,000	209,000	(8,770)
	6,641,387	279,061	6,920,448	6,699,838	6,699,838	220,610
	3,403,714	1	3,403,714	3,562,500	3,562,500	158,786
	1,831,206	ı	1,831,206	2,075,500	2,075,500	244,294
	I	302,030	302,030	335,000	335,000	32,970
	903,712	1	903,712	881,696	881,696	(22,016)
	6,138,632	302,030	6,440,662	6,854,696	6,854,696	414,034
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
	502,755	(22,969)	479,786	(154,858)	(154,858)	634,644
	1	1	1	(237,127)	(237,127)	237,127
	502,755	(22,969)	479,786	(391,985)	(391,985)	871,771
	1,787,970	4,048	40,227,004	01,330,940	1,330,940	41 122 840
	\$ 2,290,725	\$(18,921)	\$2,271,804	\$1,136,933	01,130,933	01,132,043

See accompanying Independent Auditor's Report.

SPRINGVILLE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to Required Supplementary Information – Budgetary Reporting For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

This budgetary comparison is presented as Required Supplementary Information in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 41 for governments with significant budgetary perspective differences resulting from not being able to present budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund.

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the Board of Education annually adopts a budget following required public notice and hearing for all funds. The budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures. The District's budget is prepared on the GAAP basis.

Formal and legal budgetary control for the certified budget is based upon four major classes of expenditures or expenses known as functions, not by fund. These four functions are instruction, support services, non-instructional programs and other expenditures. Although the budget document presents function expenditures or expenses by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated function level, not by fund. The Code of Iowa also provides District expenditures in the General Fund may not exceed the amount authorized by the school finance formula. The District did not amend its budget during the year ended June 30, 2019.

During the year ended June 30, 2019, expenditures in the other expenditures function exceeded the amount budgeted.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System For the Last Five Years* Required Supplementary Information

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.029710%	0.029307%	0.029018%	0.030125%	0.033534%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 1,879,508	\$1,934,739	\$1,809,614	\$ 1,497,628	\$1,357,157
District's covered payroll	\$ 2,233,005	\$2,177,525	\$2,078,153	\$ 2,082,631	\$2,239,250
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	84.17%	88.85%	87.08%	71.91%	60.61%
IPERS' net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	83.62%	82.21%	81.82%	85.19%	87.61%

Note: GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

^{*}In accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, the amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30 of the preceding year.

SPRINGVILLE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of District Contributions

Schedule of District Contributions Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System For the Last Ten Years Required Supplementary Information

2010	42,110	12,110)	1	36,992	6.65%
2(\$ 17	(17	↔	\$2,13	200-2
2011	\$ 140,163	(140,163)	6	\$2,016,734	6.95%
2012	\$ 168,343	(168,343)	.	\$2,086,035	8.07%
2013	\$ 192,514	(192,514)	·	\$2,220,461	8.67%
2014	\$ 199,965	(199,965)	- I	\$2,239,250	8.93%
2015	194,453 \$ 185,579 \$ 185,979 \$ 199,965 \$ 192,514 \$ 168,343 \$ 140,163 \$ 142,110	(194,453) (185,579) (185,979) (199,965) (192,514) (168,343) (140,163) (142,110)	·	\$2,082,631	8.93%
2016	\$ 185,579	(185,579)	· &	\$2,078,153	8.93%
2017	\$ 194,453	(194,453)	·	\$2,177,525	8.93%
2018	\$ 199,407	(228,284) (199,407)	·	\$2,233,005	8.93%
2019	\$ 228,284 \$ 199,407	(228,284)	·	\$2,418,258 \$2,233,005 \$2,177,525 \$2,078,153 \$2,082,631 \$2,239,250 \$2,220,461 \$2,086,035 \$2,016,734 \$2,136,992	9.44%
	Statutorily required contribution	Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	Contribution deficiency (excess)	District's covered payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll

Notes to Required Supplementary Information – Pension Liability For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Changes of benefit terms:

Legislation enacted in 2010 modified benefit terms for Regular members. The definition of final average salary changed from the highest three to the highest five years of covered wages. The vesting requirement changed from four years of service to seven years. The early retirement reduction increased from 3% per year measured from the member's first unreduced retirement age to a 6% reduction for each year of retirement before age 65.

Changes of assumptions:

The 2018 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of a demographic assumption study dated June 28, 2018:

- Changed mortality assumptions to the RP-2014 mortality tables with mortality improvements modeled using Scale MP-2017.
- Adjusted retirement rates.
- Lowered disability rates.
- Adjusted the probability of a vested Regular member electing to receive a deferred benefit.
- Adjusted the merit component of the salary increase assumption.

The 2017 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of an experience study dated March 24, 2017:

- Decreased the inflation assumption from 3.00% to 2.60%.
- Decreased the assumed rate of interest on member accounts from 3.75% to 3.50% per year.
- Decreased the discount rate from 7.50% to 7.00%.
- Decreased the wage growth assumption from 4.00% to 3.25%.
- Decreased the payroll growth assumption from 4.00% to 3.25%.

The 2014 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of a quadrennial experience study:

- Decreased the inflation assumption from 3.25 % to 3.00%.
- Decreased the assumed rate of interest on member accounts from 4.00% to 3.75% per year.
- Adjusted male mortality rates for retirees in the Regular membership group.
- Moved from an open 30-year amortization period to a closed 30-year amortization period for the UAL (unfunded actuarial liability) beginning June 30, 2014. Each year thereafter, changes in the UAL from plan experience will be amortized on a separate closed 20-year period.

SPRINGVILLE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to Required Supplementary Information – Pension Liability For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

The 2010 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of a quadrennial experience study:

- Adjusted retiree mortality assumptions.
- Modified retirement rates to reflect fewer retirements.
- Lowered disability rates at most ages.
- Lowered employment termination rates.
- Generally increased the probability of terminating members receiving a deferred retirement benefit.
- Modified salary increase assumptions based on various service duration.

Springville Community School District Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability, Related Ratios and Notes For the Last Two Years Required Supplementary Information

		2019		2018
Service cost	\$	52,148	\$	87,275
Interest cost		17,536		16,575
Difference between expected and				
actual experiences		1-1		
Changes in assumptions		30,262		(1,482)
Benefit payments		=		-
Net change in total OPEB liability		99,946		102,368
Total OPEB liability beginning of year	72	560,253		457,885
Total OPEB liability end of year	\$	660,199	\$	560,253
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 2	2,053,923	\$:	1,677,184
Total OPEB liability as a percentage				
of covered -employee payroll		32.14%		33.40%

Notes to Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Changes in benefit terms:

There were no significant changes in benefit terms.

Changes in assumptions:

Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period.

Year ended June 30,2019	3.13%
Year ended June 30,2018	3.62%
Year ended June 30,2017	3.56%

Supplementary Information

Schedule 1

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

	Special	Revenue	Capital Projects	
			Physical	
	Student	Management	Plant &	
	Activity	Levy	Equipment Levy	<u>Total</u>
Assets				
Cash, cash equivalents and pooled investments	\$116,340	\$177,854	\$253,314	\$547,508
Receivables				
Property tax				
Delinquent	-	194	462	656
Succeeding year	-	140,000	245,581	385,581
Accounts receivable	2,271		900	3,171
Total assets	\$118,611	\$318,048	\$500,257	\$936,916
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources				
and Fund Balances				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 2,310	\$ -	\$ 31,620	\$ 33,930
Due to other governments	4,610			4,610
Total liabilities	6,920		31,620	38,540
Deferred inflows of resources				
Unavailable revenue				
Succeeding year property tax		140,000	_245,581	385,581
Fund balances				
Restricted for				
Student activities	111,691		-	111,691
Management levy purposes	-	178,048	_	178,048
Physical plant and equipment	<u></u>		_223,056	223,056
Total fund balances	111,691	178,048	223,056	512,795
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$118,611	\$318,048	\$500,257	\$936,916
and fand outditood	Ψ110,011	Ψ510,040	Ψ300,231	Ψ 7 3 0,7 1 0

Schedule 2

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

			Capital	
			Projects	
	Special	Revenue	Physical	
	Student	Management	Plant &	
Revenues	Activity	<u>Levy</u>	Equipment Levy	<u>Total</u>
Local sources				
Local taxes	\$ -	\$ 100,278	\$ 239,110	\$339,388
Other	209,347	1,470	2,195	213,012
State sources		550	1,312	1,862
Total revenues	209,347	102,298	242,617	554,262
Expenditures				
Current				
Instruction	ν,			
Regular		15,857	-	15,857
Other	193,201		=	193,201
Total instruction	193,201	15,857		209,058
Support services				
Instructional staff	· -		17,260	17,260
Administration	7-	24,480	23,663	48,143
Operation and maintenance of plant	-	66,632	5,452	72,084
Transportation	(-)	12,084	35,072	47,156
Total support services	(-)	103,196	81,447	184,643
Other expenditures				
Facilities acquisition			107,083	107,083
Total expenditures	_193,201	119,053	188,530	500,784
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	16,146	(16,755)	54,087	53,478
Fund balances, beginning of year	95,545	194,803	168,969	459,317
Fund balances, end of year	\$111,691	\$ 178,048	\$ 223,056	\$512,795

Schedule 3

Combining Statement of Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Funds June 30, 2019

	School Nutrition	Preschool	<u>Total</u>
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 36,490	\$16,135	\$ 52,625
Accounts receivable	938	481	1,419
Due from other governments	562	_	562
Inventories	6,344		6,344
Total current assets	44,334	16,616	60,950
Noncurrent assets			
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	21,278		21,278
Total assets	65,612	16,616	82,228
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Pension related deferred outflows	16,973	3,895	20,868
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable	<u>-</u> *	100	100
Salaries and benefits payable	9,719	9,927	19,646
Due to other fund	11	-	11
Due to other governments	13,478	G 17 - 0	13,478
Unearned revenue	3,856	_	3,856
Total current liabilities	27,064	10,027	37,091
Noncurrent liabilities			
Net pension liability	52,141	4,949	57,090
Total liabilities	79,205	14,976	94,181
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Pension related deferred inflows	_20,681	7,155	27,836
Net Position			
Investment in capital assets	21,278		21,278
Unrestricted	(38,579)	(1,620)	(40,199)
Total net position	<u>\$(17,301)</u>	\$ (1,620)	\$(18,921)

Schedule 4

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	School		
Operating revenue	Nutrition	Preschool	Total
Local sources			2 2 -
Charges for service	\$ 126,608	\$ 58,853	\$ 185,461
Operating expenses			
Non-instructional programs			
Salaries	58,250	51,303	109,553
Benefits	14,486	16,470	30,956
Purchased services	25,964	# - 9	25,964
Supplies	127,956	1,847	129,803
Miscellaneous	31	-	31
Depreciation	5,723		5,723
	232,410	69,620	302,030
Operating (loss)	(105,802)	(10,767)	(116,569)
Non-operating revenue			
Interest income	99	-	99
State sources	1,643	_	1,643
Federal sources	91,858		91,858
Total non-operating revenue	93,600		93,600
Change in net position	(12,202)	(10,767)	(22,969)
Net position beginning of year	(5,099)	9,147	4,048
Net position end of year	\$ (17,301)	\$ (1,620)	\$ (18,921)

Schedule 5

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	School	D 1 1	T1
	<u>Nutrition</u>	<u>Preschool</u>	<u>Total</u>
Cash flows from operating activities	D 4.0.4.60.0		
Cash received from sale of services	\$ 124,690	\$ 58,372	\$ 183,062
Cash payments to employees for services	(68,263)	(60,152)	(128,415)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(124,329)	(2,545)	(126,874)
Net cash (used in) operating activities	_(67,902)	(4,325)	(72,227)
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities	1.640		1 (10
State grants received	1,643	-	1,643
Federal grants received	73,113	-	73,113
Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities	74,756	-9	74,756
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities	3	<u>-</u> 1)	7
Cash flows from investing activities			
Interest on investments	99		99
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	6,953	(4,325)	2,628
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	29,537	20,460	49,997
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 36,490	\$ 16,135	\$ 52,625
Reconciliation of operating (loss) to net cash			
(used in) operating activities			
Operating (loss)	\$(105,802)	\$(10,767)	\$(116,569)
Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) to net			
cash (used in) operating activities			
Depreciation	5,723	_	5,723
Commodities used	18,183	-	18,183
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	97	(481)	(384)
(Increase) in inventory	(2,009)	-	(2,009)
Decrease in deferred outflows of resources	4,395	597	4,992
Increase in due to other fund	11		11
Increase in due to other governments	13,478	-	13,478
(Decrease) in net pension liability	(1,278)	(707)	(1,985)
Increase in deferred inflows of resources	1,743	2,797	4,540
(Decrease) in accounts payable	(30)	(698)	(728)
(Decrease) in unearned revenue	(2,015)	-	(2,015)
Increase (decrease) in accrued salaries and benefits	(398)	4,934	4,536
Net cash (used in) operating activities	\$ (67,902)	\$ (4,325)	\$ (72,227)

Non-cash investing, capital and related financing activities:

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the District received \$18,183 of federal commodities.

Springville Community School District Schedule of Changes in Special Revenue Fund, Student Accounts For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Schedule 6

	Ba	ılance,					Ba	alance,
	Beg	ginning					Е	nd of
	of	Year	Re	evenues	Exp	enditures		Year
Account							-	4
Cross country	\$	699	\$	436	\$	224	\$	911
Boys basketball		7,238		16,680		18,452		5,465
Football		401		22,689		20,652		2,438
Boys baseball		498		5,065		3,714		1,848
Boys track		42		0		=		42
Boys golf		396		1,199		1,753		(158)
Wrestling		108		20 ≅ 9		-		108
Girls basketball		6,493		17,166		16,115		7,544
Girls volleyball		874		8,088		3,827		5,135
Girls softball		1,880		2,218		1,066		3,032
Girls track		100		0		=		100
Gate money		4,127		48,064		48,466		3,726
Weight room		1,035		1,654		1,744		945
Cheerleading		1,055		6,435		6,121		1,369
Vocal resale		4,320		708		784		4,244
HS instrumental		603		1,755		2,315		44
HS musical		1,616		2,001		1,133		2,484
Supply store		408		2				410
Pictures		6,369		2,097		2,586		5,880
Jump Rope for Heart		125		_		_		125
Student senate - elementary		797		2		342		457
Fine arts		-		1,100		1,006		94
Elementary instrumental resale		2,856		11		-		2,867
Coding club		251		1		-		252
Book fair		4,361		2,565		2,590		4,336
Drama		1,289		321		398		1,211
Art club		5,251		1,687		2,734		4,204
Dance		1,105		5,265		5,221		1,149
TADA		165		-		-		165
Garden project		429		_		_		429
MS Science Club		731		3		-		734
Archery Program	2	20,244		34,959		28,913		26,290

Springville Community School District Schedule of Changes in Special Revenue Fund, Student Accounts For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Schedule 6

Account	Balance, Beginning of Year	Revenues	Expenditures	Balance, End of <u>Year</u>
Yearbook	\$ 2,642	\$ 2,753	\$ 2,808	\$ 2,587
Mfg. Enterprise	43	80	Φ 2,606	123
Student senate - MS	2,548	160	486	2,222
Student senate - HS	3,258	285	1,062	2,481
Class of 2018	2,258	317	1,242	1,333
Class of 2019	3,512	257	2,158	1,611
Class of 2020	93	16,467	7,430	9,130
Class of 2021	831	1,153	588	1,395
Class of 2022	328	1	38	291
Class of 2023	99	1,093	728	464
FFA	3,888	4,610	6,505	1,993
Instrument repair	179	1		180
Totals	\$ 95,545	\$ 209,347	\$ 193,201	\$ 111,691

SPRINGVILLE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
Schedule of Revenues by Source and Expenditures by Function
All Governmental Funds
For the Last Ten Years

					Modified A	Modified Accrual Basis				
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Revenues	12									
Local sources										
Local tax	\$2,445,333	\$2,392,410	\$2,292,378	\$1,746,418	\$1,615,947	\$1,441,952	\$1,841,031	\$2,222,483	\$2,293,510	\$2,275,398
Tuition	583,114	538,160	528,356	469,444	403,462	330,235	420,570	184,590	285,147	349,221
Other	465,018	320,695	391,582	291,860	254,517	246,897	217,782	169,937	170,552	174,992
State sources	3,039,550	2,740,246	2,625,225	2,652,089	2,507,496	2,505,549	2,095,795	2,102,138	2,283,639	1,960,731
Federal sources	108,372	93,388	128,290	88,900	81,442	82,722	139,752	187,134	250,962	298,143
Total revenues	\$6,641,387	\$6,084,899	\$5,965,831	\$5,248,711	\$4,862,864	\$4,607,355	\$4,714,930	\$4,866,282	\$5,283,810	\$5,058,486
Expenditures										
Current										
Instruction										
Regular	\$2,223,980	\$2,087,090	\$2,138,789	\$2,016,242	\$1,973,049	\$2,063,406	\$2,050,258	\$2,034,475	\$1,855,985	\$1,972,472
Special	572,475	473,977	519,098	406,920	426,288	490,347	507,369	376,048	307,526	425,680
Other	607,259	998,999	534,380	471,764	436,067	417,308	391,423	375,020	417,725	271,551
Support services										
Student	159,401	147,585	142,273	138,714	144,907	135,274	148,088	137,542	119,006	100,736
Instructional staff	189,972	188,798	167,015	150,720	124,252	195,333	97,858	94,894	77,947	109,824
Administration	690,454	673,441	646,408	780,873	547,316	622,837	686,507	647,203	555,462	517,238
Operation and maintenance	595,068	582,138	498,246	394,878	345,552	399,220	425,248	414,565	394,143	369,381
of plant										
Transportation	196,311	153,405	165,081	208,964	152,371	247,533	181,760	220,395	111,520	123,553
Other expenditures										
Facilities acquisition	149,877	1,140,119	3,978,041	267,813	18,745	30,052	68,943	89,259	1,698,201	2,531,340
Long-term debt										
Principal	435,000	425,000	440,000	3,222,936	125,000	120,000	235,000	225,000	220,000	185,000
Interest and other charges	152,481	161,930	247,822	104,552	143,057	147,957	156,468	165,119	173,429	99,822
AEA flowthrough	166,354	162,657	157,192	160,905	160,956	159,107	154,723	156,677	176,060	175,015
Total expenditures	\$6,138,632	\$6,863,006	\$9,634,345	\$8,325,281	\$4,597,560	\$5,028,374	\$5,103,645	\$4,936,197	\$6,107,004	\$6,881,612

Kay L. Chapman, CPA PC

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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control
over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with
Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Education of Springville Community School District:

I have audited in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Springville Community School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related Notes to Financial Statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated February 14, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered Springville Community School District's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Springville Community School District's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Springville Community School District's internal control.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings, I identified a deficiency in internal control I consider to be a material weakness.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of the control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. I consider

the deficiency described in Part I of the accompanying Schedule of Findings as item A to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Springville Community School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters which are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>. However, I noted certain immaterial instances of non-compliance or other matters which are described in Part II of the accompanying Schedule of Findings.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the District's operations for the year ended June 30, 2019 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during my audit of the financial statements of the District. Since my audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

Springville Community School District's Responses to the Findings

Springville Community School District's responses to the findings identified in my audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings. Springville Community School District's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, I express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

I would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to me by personnel of Springville Community School District during the course of my audit. Should you have any questions concerning any of the above matters, I shall be pleased to discuss them with you at your convenience.

Hay A. Chaman In an

Kay L. Chapman, CPA PC

February 14, 2020

SPRINGVILLE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Part I. Findings Related to the Financial Statements

INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE

No matters were noted.

INTERNAL CONTROLS DEFICIENCY

A. Segregation of Duties

Criteria - Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control. A good system of internal control provides for adequate segregation of duties so no one individual handles a transaction from its inception to completion. In order to maintain proper internal control, duties should be segregated so the authorization, custody and recording of transactions are not under the control of the same employee. This segregation of duties helps prevent losses from employee error or dishonesty and maximizes the accuracy of the District's financial statements.

Condition - I noted that the same individual performed the following duties: recording and processing of cash receipts, preparing checks and bank reconciliations, preparation of journals and general financial information for ledger posting, and the analysis of financial information.

Cause - The limited number of accounting personnel makes it difficult to achieve adequate internal accounting control through the segregation of duties and responsibilities. A small staff makes it difficult to establish an ideal system of automatic internal checks on accounting record accuracy and reliability. This is not an unusual condition but it is important the District officials are aware that the condition exists.

Effect - Inadequate segregation of duties could adversely affect the District's ability to prevent or detect and correct misstatements, errors or misappropriation on a timely basis by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

Recommendation - I realize that with a limited number of office employees, segregation of duties is difficult. However, the District should review the operating procedures of the District to obtain the maximum internal control possible under the circumstances.

Response - We will review our procedures and implement changes to improve internal control, as we deem necessary.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

Schedule of Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Part II. Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting:

1. Certified Budget - Expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2019 exceeded the amount budgeted in the other expenditures function.

Recommendation - The certified budget should have been amended in accordance with Chapter 24.9 of the Code of Iowa before expenditures were allowed to exceed the budget.

Response - Future budgets will be amended in sufficient amounts to ensure the certified budget is not exceeded.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

- 2. Questionable Expenditures No expenditures I believe may not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinions dated April 25, 1979 were noted.
- 3. Travel Expense No expenditures of District money for travel expenses of spouses of District officials or employees were noted. No travel advances to District officials or employees were noted.
- 4. Business Transactions No business transactions between the District and District officials or employees were noted.
- 5. Bond Coverage Surety bond coverage of District officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions. The amount of coverage should be reviewed annually to ensure that the coverage is adequate for current operations.
- 6. Board Minutes I noted no transactions requiring Board approval which had not been approved by the Board.
- 7. Certified Enrollment No variances in the basic enrollment data certified to the Iowa Department of Education were noted.
- 8. Supplementary Weighting No variances regarding the supplementary weighting certified to the Iowa Department of Education were noted.
- 9. Deposits and Investments I noted no instances of non-compliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa and the District's investment policy.

Schedule of Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

- 10. Certified Annual Reports The Certified Annual Report was certified timely to the Iowa Department of Education.
- 11. Categorical Funding No instances were noted of categorical funding used to supplant rather than supplement other funds.
- 12. Statewide Sales, Services and Use Tax No instances of non-compliance with the allowable uses of the statewide sales, services and use tax revenue provisions of Chapter 423F.3 of the Code of Iowa were noted.

Pursuant to Chapter 423F.5 of the Code of Iowa, the annual audit is required to include certain reporting elements related to the statewide sales, services and use tax revenue. Districts are required to include these reporting elements in the Certified Annual Report (CAR) submitted to the Iowa Department of Education. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District reported the following information regarding the statewide sales, services and use tax revenue in the District's CAR:

Beginning balance		\$ 513,095
Revenues		
Statewide sales and services tax revenue	\$ 398,785	
Interest earned	5,005	403,790
Expenditures/transfers out		
School infrastructure		
School infrastructure construction	\$ 42,794	
Debt service for school infrastructure		
General obligation debt	236,626	279,420
Ending balance		\$ 637,465

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District did not reduce any levies as a result of the moneys received under Chapter 423E or 423F of the Code of Iowa.

13. Deficit Net Position - The District had the following negative fund balances at June 30, 2019:

•	School Nutrition Fund, unrestricted net position	\$38,579
•	School Nutrition Fund, total net position	\$17,301
•	Preschool Fund, unrestricted net position	\$ 1,620
•	Preschool Fund, total net position	\$ 1,620
•	Enterprise Funds, unrestricted net position	\$40,199
•	Enterprise Funds, total net position	\$18,921
•	Business type activities, unrestricted net position	\$40,199
•	Business type activities, total net position	\$18,921
•	Governmental activities, unrestricted net position	\$897,604

SPRINGVILLE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Recommendation - The District should continue to monitor these funds and investigate alternatives to eliminate these deficits in order to return the funds to sound financial condition.

Response - These deficits were a result of implementing GASB Statement No. 68 during the year ended June 30, 2016. We will review the situation and implement changes, as we deem necessary.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

SPRINGVILLE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT Audit Staff June 30, 2019

This audit was performed by

Kay Chapman, CPA Terri Slater, staff accountant